

# SW5A9052T221-30 - Drives

the clever drive

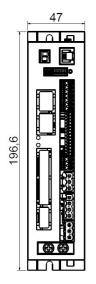
# Installation instructions

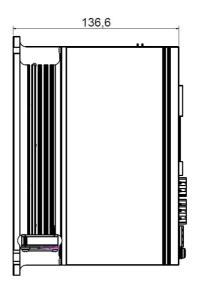
Refer to installation use and maintenance manual for more information. Available user manual at link http://www.everelettronica.it/manhw.html

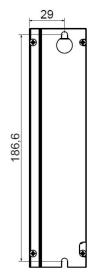
### 2 phase bipolar stepper drive technical data:

- AC power supply: 85-265Vac monophase or triphase
- DC logic supply: 24 Vdc (mandatory and isolated)
- Phase current: up to 5.2 Arms (7.3 Apk) with 265Vac MAX or 8 Arms (11.3 Apk) with 120Vac MAX
- Chopper frequency: ultrasonic 40KHz
- Stepless Control Technology (65536 position per turn)
- Protections against: over current, over/under voltage, overheating, short circuit between motor phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground
- Profinet communication interface
- Incremental Encoder Input: 5V Differential (RS422) or 5V single-ended TTL/CMOS
- Incremental Encoder Output: 5V Differential (RS422)
- Absolute Encoder Input: 5V BiSS-C or SSI interface
- Service SCI interface for programming and real time debugging
- Safe Torque Off (STO) inputs (opto-coupled)
- 4 digital inputs (opto-coupled)
- 3 digital outputs (opto-coupled)
- Dimensions: 196.6 x 136.6 x 47 mm (without connectors)
- Protection degree: IP20
- Pollution degree 2
- Overvoltage Category III
- Short Circuit Current: 5 KA
- Protection Class: Class I Equipment
- Working temperature 5°C ÷ 50°C; Storage temperature -25°C ÷ 55°C; Humidity : 5% ÷ 85% not condensing

## Mechanical data



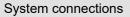




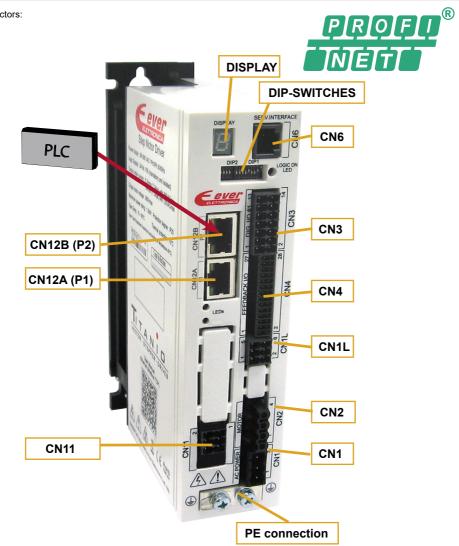








Connectors:



### System connections

CN1: AC Power supply				
3 positions, pitch 5.08mm single row, PCB header connector				
CN1.1	ACin	PWR_IN	AC power supply input	
CN1.2	ACin	PWR IN	AC power supply input	
CN1.3	ACin	PWR IN	AC power supply input	
CINT.5	AGIII	F WIX_IN	AC power supply input	
		<b>B</b> .0.	•	

CN2: Motor connection				
4 positions, pitch 5.08mm single row, PCB socket connector				
CN2.1	A/	PWR_OUT	Motor output phase A/	
CN2.2	А	PWR_OUT	Motor output phase A	
CN2.3	В	PWR_OUT	Motor output phase B	
CN2.4	B/	PWR_OUT	Motor output phase B/	
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the second				
		<u> </u>		

### System connection

CN1L: 2	CN1L: 24Vdc Logic Supply and STO inputs				
6 position	6 positions, pitch 3.5mm double row, PCB header connector				
CN1L.1	VLOG -	PWR_IN	Negative DC logic supply input		
CN1L.2	VLOG +	PWR_IN	Positive DC logic supply input		
CN1L.3	STO1 -	PWR_IN	STO1 input negative side		
CN1L.4	ST01 +	PWR_IN	STO1 input positive side		
CN1L.5	STO2 -	PWR_IN	STO2 input negative side		
CN1L.6	STO2 +	PWR_IN	STO2 input positive side		



#### LOGIC 24 Vdc MANDATORY and ISOLATED

#### **CN6: Service SCI Interface**

RJ11, 6P4C, PCB header connector		
CN6.1	TX/RX	Transmit / Receive Line
CN6.2	DE/RE	Drive Emable Negated /Receive Enable
CN6.3	+5V	+5V power out
CN6.4	GND	GND power out



This connection is only possible with hardware and software provided by Ever.

CN11: 2	CN11: 24Vdc Profinet Supply					
6 position	6 positions, pitch 3.5mm double row, PCB header connector					
CN11.1	VSS_EXP	PWR_IN	Negative DC Profinet supply input			
CN11.2	VIN_EXP	PWR_IN	Positive DC Profinet supply input			
CN11.3	N.C.		Not connected			
CN11.4	N.C.		Not connected			
CN11.5	N.C.		Not connected			
CN11.6	N.C.		Not connected			
6						

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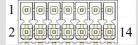
LOGIC 24 Vdc MANDATORY and ISOLATED

CN12A e CN12B: Profinet interface RJ45, 8 positions shielded, PCB header connector

Dual RJ45 connectors (IN-OUT) 100BASE-TX (100 Mb/sec) ports Accept standard Ethernet cable (CAT5 or higher)



CN3: Digital Inputs / Outputs #1 14 positions, pitch 3.5mm double row, PCB header connector CN3.1 VSS#1 PWR IN Negative supply for digital outputs B0 on CN3 CN3.2 PWR\_IN 24Vdc supply for digital outputs B0 on CN3 V-OUT PNP digital output B0\_OUT0 CN3.3 B0\_OUT0 DIG\_OUT CN3.4 B0 OUT1 DIG OUT PNP digital output B0 OUT1 CN3.5 B0 OUT2 DIG OUT PNP digital output B0 OUT2 CN3.6 N.C. ----Not connected CN3.7 -B0\_IN0 DIG IN Digital input B0\_IN0 negative side CN3.8 +B0 IN0 DIG IN Digital input B0 IN0 positive side CN3.9 -B0 IN1 DIG IN Digital input B0 IN1 negative side DIG IN Digital input B0\_IN1 positive side CN3.10 +B0\_IN1 CN3.11 -B0 IN2 DIG IN Digital input B0 IN2 negative side CN3.12 +B0 IN2 DIG IN Digital input B0 IN2 positive side CN3.13 -B0\_IN3 DIG\_IN Digital input B0\_IN3 negative side CN3.14 +B0 IN3 DIG IN Digital input B0 IN3 positive side



### **CN4: Feedback connection**

28 posit	28 position, pitch 2.54mm double row, PCB header connector			
CN4.1	Shield	1	Cable shield connection for feedback interface	
CN4.2	Shield	1	Cable shield connection for feedback interface	
CN4.3	N.C.		Not connected	
CN4.4	N.C.		Not connected	
CN4.5	DATA-	DIG_IN	Absolute encoder data input negative	
CN4.6	DATA+	DIG_IN	Absolute encoder data input positive	
CN4.7	CLK-	DIG_OUT	Absolute encoder clock output negative	
CN4.8	CLK+	DIG_OUT	Absolute encoder clock output positive	
CN4.9	Reserved		Reserved pin	
CN4.10	Reserved		Reserved pin	
CN4.11	Reserved		Reserved pin	
CN4.12	N.C.		Not connected	
CN4.13	ENCZ-	DIG_IN	Encoder Zero differential input negative	
CN4.14	ENCZ+	DIG_IN	Encoder Zero differential input positive	
CN4.15	ENCB-	DIG_IN	Encoder Phase B differential input negative	
CN4.16	ENCB+	DIG_IN	Encoder Phase B differential input positive	
CN4.17	ENCA-	DIG_IN	Encoder Phase A differential input negative	
CN4.18	ENCA+	DIG_IN	Encoder Phase A differential input positive	
CN4.19	0VE	PWR_OUT	Negative side of supply	
CN4.20	+5E	PWR_OUT	+5Vdc power supply output	
CN4.21	OUT_ENCZ-	DIG_OUT	Encoder Zero differential output negative	
CN4.22	OUT_ENCZ+	DIG_OUT	Encoder Zero differential output positive	
CN4.23	OUT_ENCB-	DIG_OUT	Encoder Phase B differential output negative	
CN4.24	OUT_ENCB+	DIG_OUT	Encoder Phase B differential output positive	
CN4.25	OUT_ENCA-	DIG_OUT	Encoder Phase A differential output negative	
CN4.26	OUT_ENCA+	DIG_OUT	Encoder Phase A differential output positive	
CN4.27	0VE	PWR_OUT	Reference ground for feedback interface	
CN4.28	0VE	PWR_OUT	Reference ground for feedback interface	
1 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				

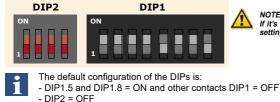


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### Service SCI connection



### **Dip-Switched Settings**



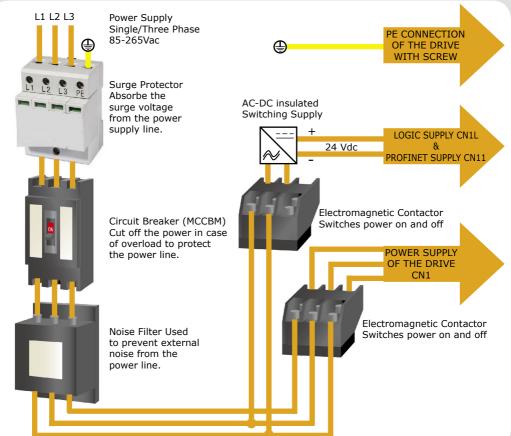
NOTE: the device reads the Dip-Switches only during the Power up. If it's necessary a setting change, shut down the system, change the settings and start up the system again to make the changes operating.

The fuctionality of the Dip-Switches depends on the Firmware installed on the drive (Refer to the Software Manual).

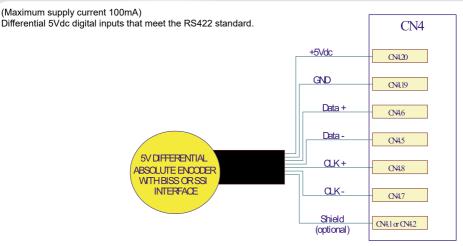
### **Display Status**

_	Operational statuses and their signals
8	Missing Operating System: no software application stored on drive
	Firmware update: Updating of new software in progress.
8	Initialization: the drive executes the start-up procedure (a few seconds after the start-up procedure has begun).
S S	Correct functioning
	Voltage of the DC bus near to the limit value (minimum or maximum)
S+3	Drive temperature is near to the maximum value
S+8	Warning: EEprom near Write Overrun
S+8	Warning: EEprom near End of Life
5 flashing	Enable OFF, current zero
<ul> <li>flashing</li> </ul>	Inominal not computed
E+3 8+0	Error: expired eePLC software trial
	Error: Security intervention of watchdog
E+0	Error: Internal Software Error
5+3	Error: Missing calibration values
8+3	Error: Management EEPROM
8+8	EEPROM fail
8+8	Error: eePLC application error
8+3	Error: EEprom Write Overrun
E+U	Error: Feature Unavailable (the application tried to use a feature that is not available in the current drive configuration)
<u>8+0</u>	Open motor phases
8+3	Over/under voltage
8+3	Over current on the motor output
<u> </u>	Over temperature of the drive
8+S	Missing Torque Enable ("missing Safe Torque Off")
<u>8+8</u>	Drive over power protection and/or current regulation out of range
<u>0+8</u>	eePLC User Protection (generated by setting bit #0 of eePLC_User_Settings)
<u> </u>	Motor feedback error

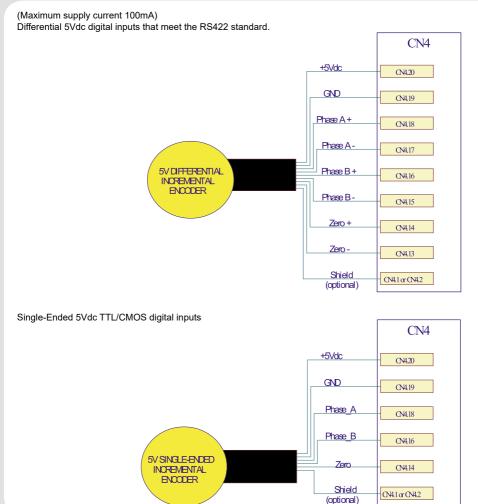
### Power & Logic Supply connections



### Absolute Encoder input connection

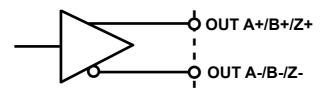


### Incremental Encoder input connection

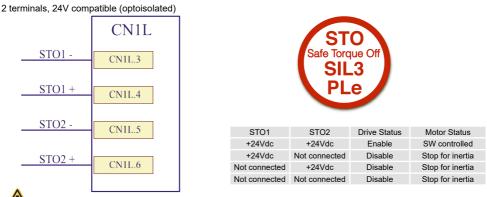


### Incremental Encoder output connection

Outputs reports the used interface for encoder input: Differential or Single-Ended. Differential 5V digital outputs that meets RS422 stardard.



### Safe Torque Off inputs (STO)



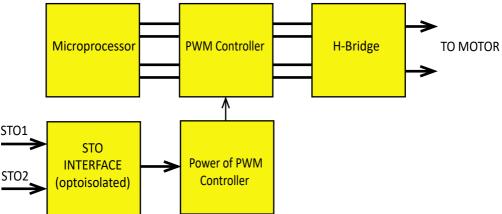


STO inputs are optoisolated, shall not be used the same 24 Vdc of logic supply for their connection.

Safety specifications			
Safety function	STO	Safe Torque Off	
Category	4	In according with EN ISO 13849-1	
Performance Level	PLe	In according with EN ISO 13849-1	
Safety Integrity Level	SIL3	In according with EN ISO 13849-1 table 3	
DCavg [%]	99	Average Diagnostic Coverage	
PFH <sub>D</sub> [1/h]	6.44 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>	Probability of dangerous failure per hour	
T Service Life [Years]	20	In accordance with EN ISO 13849-1	
Type test	The STO function has I	peen certified by an independent testing body.	

Refer to the "Safety Manual\_STO on SW5-AW5 Series" for more details of the Safe Torque Off function characteristics.





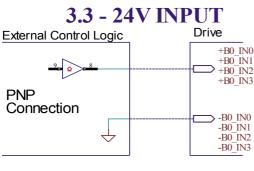
The drive has a safety feature that is designed to provide the Safe Torque Off (STO) function as defined in IEC 61800-5-2. Two input signlas are provided which, when not connected, prevent the upper and lower devices in the PWM outputs from being operated by the digital control core. This provides a positive OFF capability that cannot be overridden by the control firmware, or associated hardware components. When both STO signals are activated (current is flowing in the input diodes of the optocouplers), the control core will be able to control the on/off state of the PWM outputs.

If not using the STO feature, both signals must be connected to a 24Vdc supply in order enabled the drive.

If a drive in operation mode is disabled by STO signal, it immediately finish to produce torque but the motor continues to run by inertia until it can stop.



Differential PNP, NPN and Line Driver type.



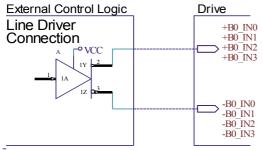
B0_IN0 and B0_IN1			
Characteristics	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Supply voltage	2 <sup>(1)</sup>	24	Vdc
Inputs frequency		10	kHz
Threshold switching voltage	1.61 <sup>(1)</sup>		Vdc
Current at 2 Vdc <sup>(1)</sup>		2.53	mA
Current at 3.3 Vdc		5.84	mA
Current at 5 Vdc		6.28	mA
Current at 24 Vdc		8.75	mA

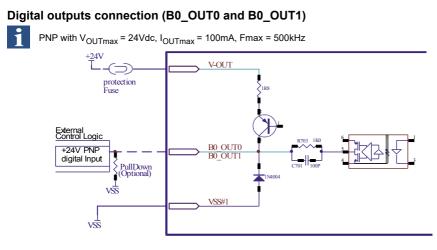
External Control Logic	Drive
	 +B0_IN0 +B0_IN1 +B0_IN2 +B0_IN3
<b>₽ 2</b>	 -B0_IN0 -B0_IN1 -B0_IN2 -B0_IN3

B0_IN2 and B0_IN3			
Characteristics	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Supply voltage	2 (1)	24	Vdc
Inputs frequency		500	kHz
Threshold switching voltage	1.61 <sup>(1)</sup>		Vdc
Current at 2 Vdc <sup>(1)</sup>		2.53	mA
Current at 3.3 Vdc		5.84	mA
Current at 5 Vdc		6.28	mA

(1) N.B.: it's recommended to use 2 Vdc digital inputs only in differential Line-Driver configuration to have more noise immunity.

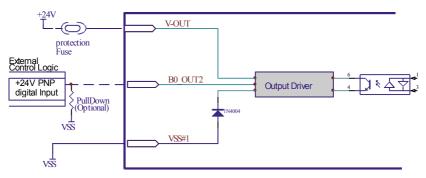
# 2 - 24V INPUT





### Digital output connection (B0 OUT2)

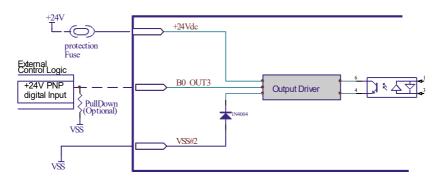
PNP with  $V_{OUTmax}$  = 24Vdc,  $I_{OUTmax}$  = 1.3A , Fmax = 1kHz



### Digital output connection (B0\_OUT3)



PNP with V<sub>OUTmax</sub> = 24Vdc, I<sub>OUTmax</sub> = 500mA , Fmax = 1kHz



In order to comply with cURus certification according to the UL 61800-5-1 standard, the following requirements must be met:



### Eating system

IT or TN (not corner earthed).

The drive shall considered only for use in system voltage where the maximum voltage between the ungrounded conductors and ground does not exceed 150 V  $\,$ 

### Maximum lenght of the cables

Cable	Lenght
AC Power Supply	No limitation
24 Vdc Power supply & STO	No limitation
Motor	< 30m
Feedback	< 30m
Input & Output	< 30m
Fieldbus	< 30m

### Motor cable must be shielded

### **Fuses on AC Power Supply**

In the final installation use only Cooper Bussmann FWX-20 A14F fast fuses on AC bus with 20Arms of current, 250Vac voltage and interrupt rating 200KA or any equivalent UL Listed or UL Recognized External Semiconductor Fuses, on condition that these fuses have the same ratings of the above fuse in particular with "Peak-let-trough-current Ip" and "Clearing I2t"

### Discharge time of the capacitors on the AC power supply

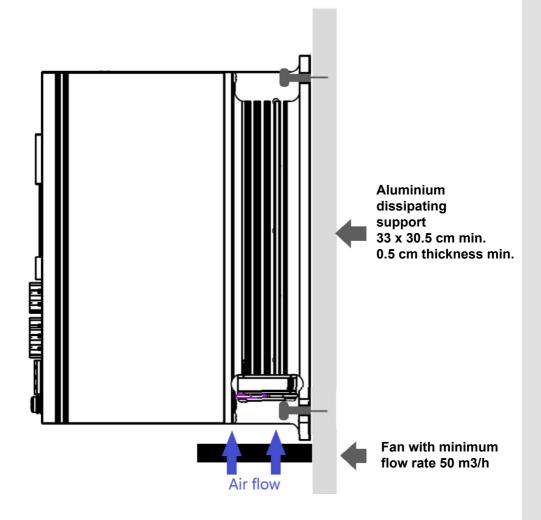


CAUTION - Risk of Electric Shock Time required for the discharge of the capacitors after the removal of the AC power supply: 4 minutes.

### Dissipation



To reach the maximum performances with 100% of duty cycle, the drive shall be fixed on the side to an aluminum heat-sink with dimension of 330x305 mm with 5 mm in thickness and with an external R/C Fans, Electric (GPWV2/8) with an Air flow rate minimum of 50 m3/h positoned on the bottom side of the device like indicated in the picture above. Use with a smaller aluminum heat-sink and a lower Fan Air Flow shall be taken into consideration in the end-use application.



### Mating connectors

Connector	Description
CN1	Phoenix 1762208 (Green) or 1759509 (Black)
CN1L	Phoenix 1790111 (Green) or 1708329 (Black)
CN2	Phoenix 1786190 (Green) or 1731196 (Black)
CN3	Phoenix 1790153 (Green) or DFMC 1,5/7-ST-3,5 BK (Black)
CN4	Phoenix 1844691
CN12A/CN12B	RJ45, 8 positions for Ethernet standard cables (CAT5 or higher)

### Section of the cables

Function	Cable		
	Minimum	Maximum	
Power supply and PE	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG20)	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG12)	
Motor outputs	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG20)	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG12)	
Feedback	0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG26)	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG20)	
Logic supply and Inputs / Outputs	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG20)	1.3 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG16)	
Fieldbus interfaces	Ethernet standard c	able CAT5 or higher	

### Verify the installation

- Check all connection: power supply, logic supply, STO inputs and inputs/outputs
- Make sure all settings right for the application.
- Make sure the power supply is suitable for the drive.
- If possible, remove the load from the motor shaft to avoid that wrong movements cause damage.
- Enable the current to the motor and verify the applied torque.
- Enable a movement of some steps and verify if the rotation direction is the desired one.
- Disconnect the power supply, connect the load on the motor and check the full functionality.

### Analysis of malfunctions

When one of the following situations occur, the drive doesn't function correctly and it is reported an error.

DEFECT	CAUSE	ACTION		
The external fuse to the drive burns	May be due to a wrong connection of the power supply.	Adjust the connection and recover the fuse. Use a fuse suitable for the application.		
Over temperature protection.	May be due to a duty cycle	Increase the air flux and if it is possible chose a motor with higher torque at same current value.		
Over current protection.	May be due to a short circuit on the motor power stage.	Shut down the power supply and check if the motor is damaged		
Noisy motor movement with vibrations.	May be caused due to a state of resonance.	Increase the resolution of the step angle and/or change the motor velocity to avoid resonance area		
The motor produce torque but doesn't rotate	May be caused due to a wrong connection of the I/O's.	Check the connection of the I/O's		

#### **EVER Elettronica** Via del Commercio, 2/4 - 9/11

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